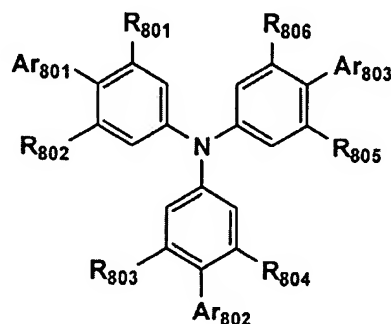


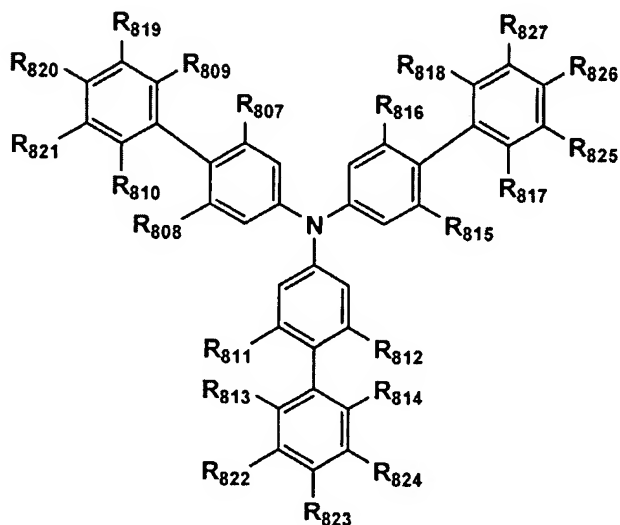
IN THE CLAIMS

1. (Previously presented) An organic electroluminescent element comprising a light emission layer containing a phosphorescent compound and a hole transporting layer adjacent thereto containing a hole transporting material, wherein the hole transporting material has a 0-0 band of the phosphorescence spectra of from 300 to 450 nm and has a molecular weight of not less than 550, and is a triarylamine compound represented by the following Formula 4-1 or 4-2:

Formula 4-1



Formula 4-2



wherein Ar₈₀₁ through Ar₈₀₃ independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group or a substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl group; and R₈₀₁ through R₈₂₇ independently represent a hydrogen atom or a substituent, provided that at least one of R₈₀₁ and R₈₀₂ is a substituent, at least one of R₈₀₃ and R₈₀₄ is a substituent, at least one of R₈₀₅ and R₈₀₆ is a substituent, at least one of R₈₀₇ through R₈₁₀ is a substituent, at least one of R₈₁₁ through R₈₁₄ is a substituent, and at least one of R₈₁₅ through R₈₁₈ is a substituent.

2. (Original) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 1, wherein the hole transporting material has an ionization potential Ip1 of from 5.00 to 5.70 eV.

3. (Original) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 1, wherein
 $-0.1 \text{ (eV)} \leq \text{Ip3} - \text{Ip1} \leq 0.5 \text{ (eV)}$
where Ip1 (eV) represents the ionization potential of the hole transporting material, and Ip3 (eV) represents the ionization potential of the phosphorescent compound.

4. (Original) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 1, wherein
 $0.5 \text{ (eV)} < \text{T3} - \text{Ea1} < 1.3 \text{ (eV)}$
where T3 (eV) represents the excited triplet energy level of the phosphorescent compound and Ea1 (eV) represents the electron affinity of the hole transporting material.

5. (Original) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 1, wherein the phosphorescent compound has a phosphorescence maximum in the wavelength regions of from 380 to 480 nm.

6. (Original) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 1, further comprising a second hole transporting layer containing a second hole transporting material, the second hole transporting layer being provided on the surface of the hole transporting layer opposite the light emission layer, wherein

$$0.1 \text{ (eV)} < \text{Ip1} - \text{Ip4} < 0.7 \text{ (eV)}$$

where Ip1 (eV) represents the ionization potential of the hole transporting material, and Ip4 (eV) represents the ionization potential of the second hole transporting material.

7. (Original) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 6, wherein the thickness of the hole transporting layer adjacent to the light emission layer is from 5 to 20 nm.

8. (Original) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 1, wherein the light emission layer further contains a host compound.

9. (Original) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 8, wherein

$$0.3 \text{ (eV)} < \text{Ip2} - \text{Ip1} < 1.0 \text{ (eV)}$$

where Ip1 (eV) represents the ionization potential of the hole transporting material and Ip2 (eV) represents the ionization potential of the host compound.

10. (Original) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 8, wherein

$$0.1 \text{ (eV)} < \text{Ea2} - \text{Ea1} < 0.8 \text{ (eV)}$$

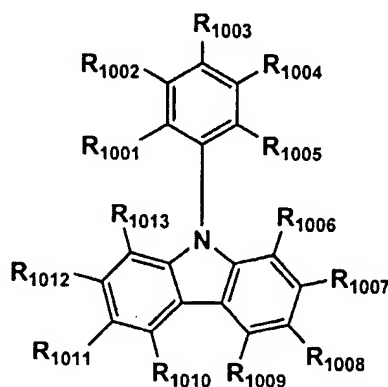
where Ea1 (eV) represents the electron affinity of the hole transporting material and Ea2 (eV) represents the electron affinity of the host compound.

11. (Original) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 8, wherein the host compound has a 0-0 band of the phosphorescence spectra of from 300 to 450 nm.

12. (Original) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 8, wherein the host compound is a carbazole derivative.

13. (Original) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 12, wherein the carbazole derivative is a compound represented by the following formula 11,

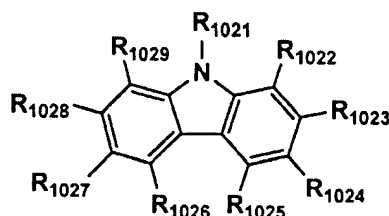
Formula 11



wherein R₁₀₀₁ through R₁₀₁₃ independently represent a hydrogen atom or a substituent, provided that at least one of R₁₀₀₁ through R₁₀₁₃ is a substituent.

14. (Original) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 12, wherein the carbazole derivative is a compound represented by the following formula 12,

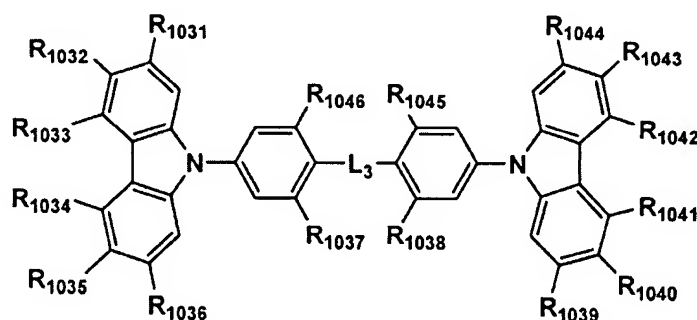
Formula 12



wherein R₁₀₂₁ represents an alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group or a fluoroalkyl group; and R₁₀₂₂ through R₁₀₂₉ independently represent a hydrogen atom or a substituent, provided that at least one of R₁₀₂₂ through R₁₀₂₉ is a substituent.

15. (Original) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 12, wherein the carbazole derivative is a compound represented by the following formula 13,

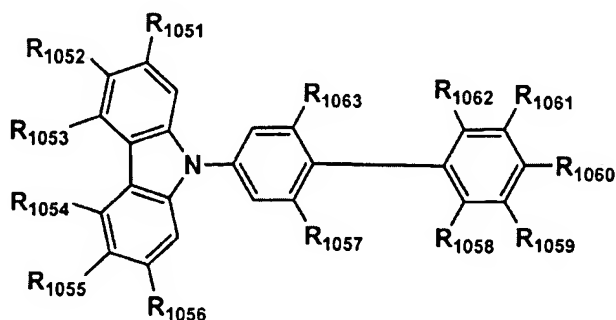
Formula 13



wherein R₁₀₃₁ through R₁₀₄₆ independently represent a hydrogen atom or a substituent; and L₃ represents a chemical bond or a divalent linkage group, provided that when L₃ represents a chemical bond, at least one of R₁₀₃₇, R₁₀₃₈, R₁₀₄₅, and R₁₀₄₆ is a substituent.

16. (Original) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 12, wherein the carbazole derivative is a compound represented by the following formula 14,

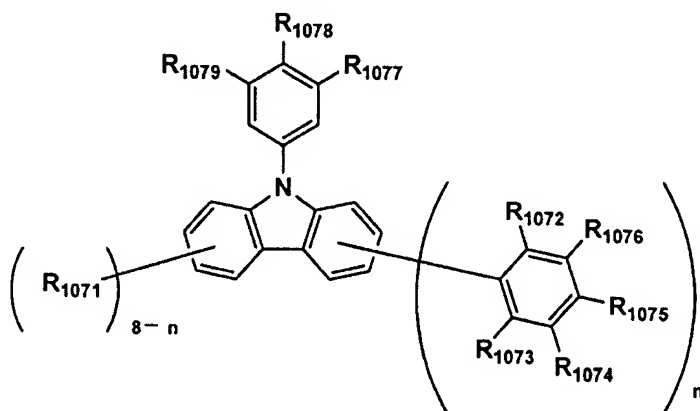
Formula 14



wherein R_{1051} through R_{1063} independently represent a hydrogen atom or a substituent, provided that at least one of R_{1057} , R_{1058} , R_{1062} , and R_{1063} is a substituent.

17. (Original) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 12, wherein the carbazole derivative is a compound represented by the following formula 15,

Formula 15

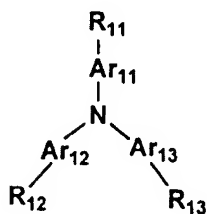


wherein R_{1071} through R_{1079} independently represent a hydrogen atom or a substituent, provided that at least one of R_{1072} and R_{1073} is a substituent; and n is an integer of from 1 to 8.

18. (Canceled)

19. (Previously presented) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 1, wherein the triarylamine compound is a compound represented by the following formula 1,

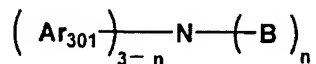
Formula 1



wherein Ar₁₁ through Ar₁₃ independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group or a substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl group; and R₁₁ through R₁₃ independently represent a hydrogen atom or a substituent, provided that at least one of R₁₁ through R₁₃ is a substituent.

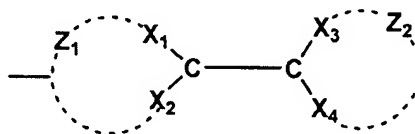
20. (Withdrawn-Currently amended) The organic electroluminescent element of ~~claim 18~~claim 1, wherein the triarylamine compound is a compound represented by the following formula 2,

Formula 2



wherein Ar₃₀₁ represents a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group or a substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl group; n is an integer of from 1 to 3; and B represents the following formula 3,

Formula 3

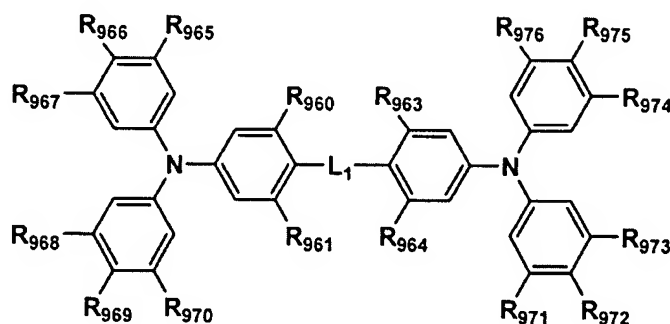


wherein Z₁ and Z₂ independently represent an atomic group necessary to form an aromatic hydrocarbon ring or an aromatic heterocyclic ring; and X₁ through X₄ independently represent N, O, S or C-R₃₀₁ in which R₃₀₁ represents a hydrogen atom or a substituent, provided that at least one of X₁ through X₄ represents C-R₃₀₁ in which R₃₀₁ represents a substituent.

21. (Cancelled)

22. (Withdrawn -Currently amended) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 1~~claim 18~~, wherein the triarylamine compound is a compound represented by the following formula 5,

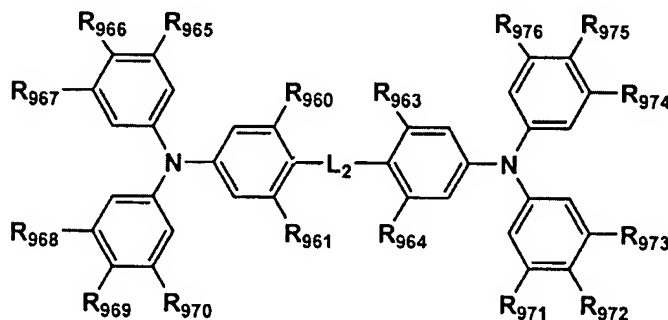
Formula 5



wherein R₉₆₀ through R₉₇₆ independently represent a hydrogen atom or a substituent, provided that at least one of R₉₆₀ and R₉₆₁ is a substituent and at least one of R₉₆₃ and R₉₆₄ is a substituent; and L₁ represents a chemical bond or a divalent linkage group.

23. (Withdrawn -Currently amended) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 1~~claim 18~~, wherein the triarylamine compound is a compound represented by the following formula 6,

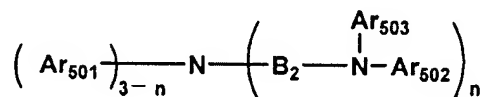
Formula 6



wherein R₉₆₀ through R₉₇₆ independently represent a hydrogen atom or a substituent; and L₂ represents an alkylene group, a cycloalkylene group or a fluoroalkylene group.

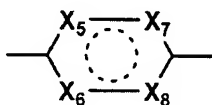
24. (Withdrawn -Currently amended) The organic electroluminescent element of ~~claim 1~~ claim 18, wherein the triarylamine compound is a compound represented by the following formula 7,

Formula 7



wherein Ar₅₀₁ through Ar₅₀₃ independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group or a substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl group; n is an integer of from 1 to 3; and B₂ represents the following formula 8,

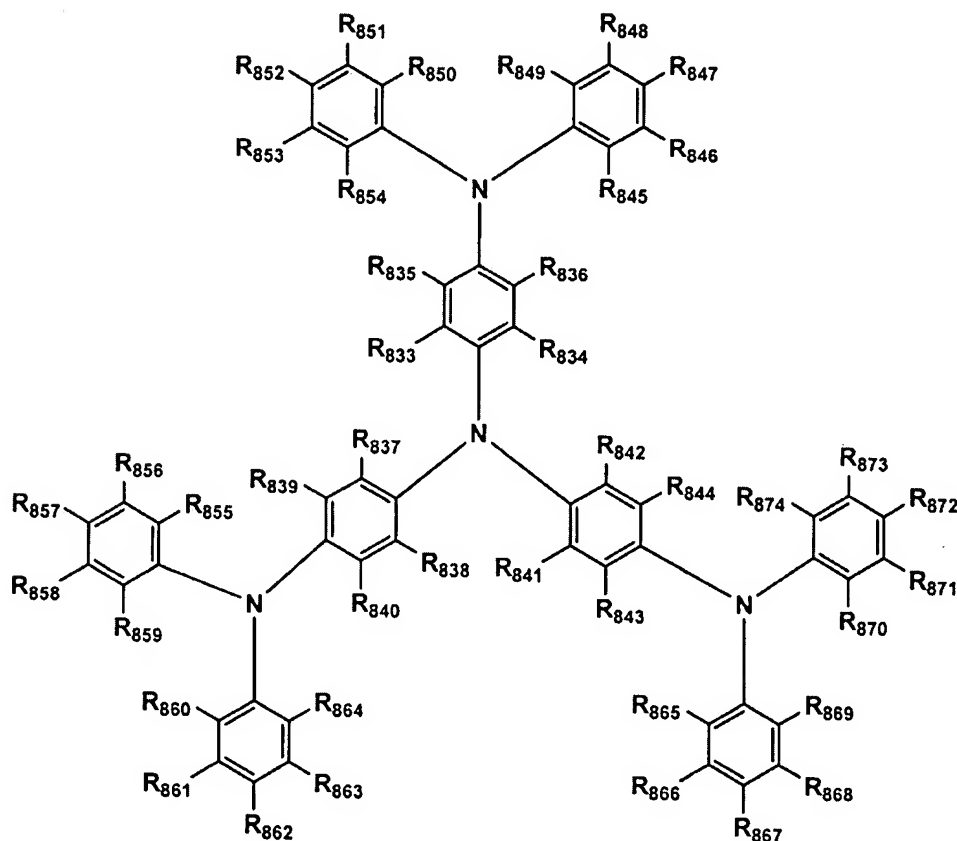
Formula 8



wherein X₅ and X₈ independently represent N or C-R₅₀₁ in which R₅₀₁ represents a hydrogen atom or a substituent, provided that at least one of X₅ and X₆ represents C-R₅₀₁ in which R₅₀₁ represents a substituent, and at least one of X₇ and X₈ represents C-R₅₀₁ in which R₅₀₁ represents a substituent.

25. (Withdrawn -Currently amended) The organic electroluminescent element of ~~claim 1~~ ~~claim 18~~, wherein the triarylamine compound is a compound represented by the following formula 9,

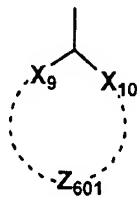
Formula 9



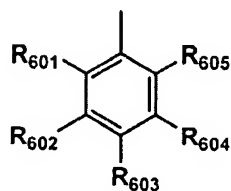
wherein R₈₃₃ through R₈₇₄ independently represent a hydrogen atom or a substituent, provided that at least one of R₈₃₃ and R₈₃₄ is a substituent, at least one of R₈₃₅ and R₈₃₆ is a substituent, at least one of R₈₃₇ and R₈₃₈ is a substituent, at least one of R₈₃₉ and R₈₄₀ is a substituent, at least one of R₈₄₁ and R₈₄₂ is a substituent, and at least one of R₈₄₃ and R₈₄₄ is a substituent.

26. (Withdrawn -Currently amended) The organic electroluminescent element of ~~claim 1~~ claim 18, wherein the triarylamine compound comprises a terminal group represented by the following formula 10-1, 10-2, 10-3 or 10-4,

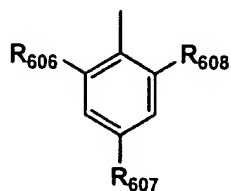
Formula 10-1



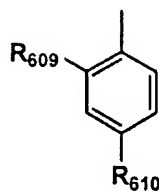
Formula 10-2



Formula 10-3



Formula 10-4

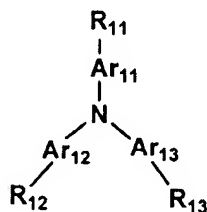


wherein X_9 and X_{10} independently represent N, O, S or CR_{611} in which R_{611} represents a hydrogen atom or a substituent, provided that at least one of X_9 and X_{10} represents CR_{611} in which R_{611} represents a substituent; Z_{601} represents an atomic group necessary to form an

aromatic hydrocarbon ring or an aromatic heterocyclic ring; R_{601} through R_{605} independently represent a hydrogen atom or a substituent, provided that at least one of R_{601} and R_{605} is a substituent; and R_{606} through R_{610} independently represent a substituent.

27. (Original) An organic electroluminescent element comprising a light emission layer containing a phosphorescent compound and a hole transporting layer adjacent thereto containing a hole transporting material, wherein the hole transporting material is a triarylamine compound represented by the following formula 1,

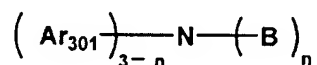
Formula 1



wherein Ar_{11} through Ar_{13} independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group or a substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl group; R_{11} through R_{13} independently represent a hydrogen atom or a substituent, provided that at least one of R_{11} through R_{13} is a substituent.

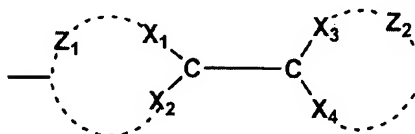
28. (Original) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 27, wherein the triarylamine compound is a compound represented by the following formula 2,

Formula 2



wherein Ar₃₀₁ represents a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group or a substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl group; n is an integer of from 1 to 3; and B represents the following formula 3,

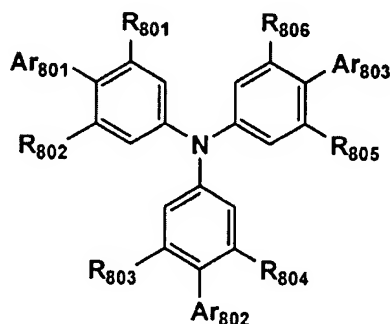
Formula 3



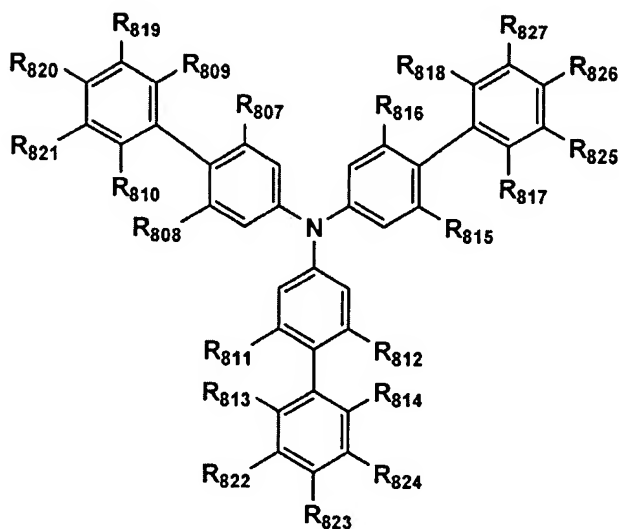
wherein Z₁ and Z₂ independently represent an atomic group necessary to form an aromatic hydrocarbon ring or an aromatic heterocyclic ring; and X₁ through X₄ independently represent N, O, S or C-R₃₀₁ in which R₃₀₁ represents a hydrogen atom or a substituent, provided that at least one of X₁ through X₄ represents C-R₃₀₁ in which R₃₀₁ represents a substituent.

29. (Original) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 27, wherein the triarylamine compound is a compound represented by the following formula 4-1 or 4-2,

Formula 4-1



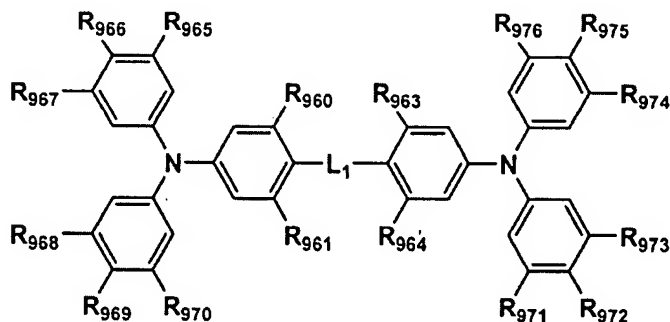
Formula 4-2



wherein Ar₈₀₁ through Ar₈₀₃ independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group or a substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl group; and R₈₀₁ through R₈₂₇ independently represent a hydrogen atom or a substituent, provided that at least one of R₈₀₁ and R₈₀₂ is a substituent, at least one of R₈₀₃ and R₈₀₄ is a substituent, at least one of R₈₀₅ and R₈₀₆ is a substituent, at least one of R₈₀₇ through R₈₁₀ is a substituent, at least one of R₈₁₁ through R₈₁₄ is a substituent, and at least one of R₈₁₅ through R₈₁₈ is a substituent.

30. (Original) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 27, wherein the triarylamine compound is a compound represented by the following formula 5,

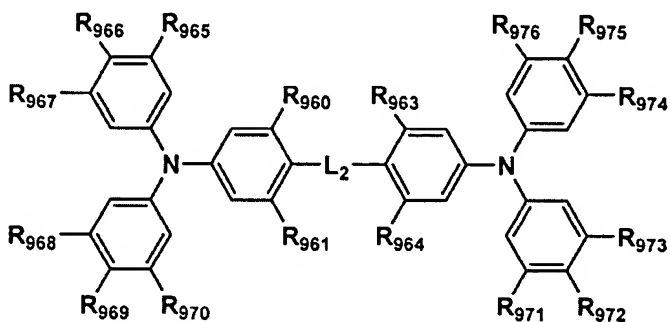
Formula 5



wherein R₉₆₀ through R₉₇₆ independently represent a hydrogen atom or a substituent, provided that at least one of R₉₆₀ and R₉₆₁ is a substituent, and at least one of R₉₆₃ and R₉₆₄ is a substituent; and L₁ represents a chemical bond or a divalent linkage group.

31. (Original) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 27, wherein the triarylamine compound is a compound represented by the following formula 6,

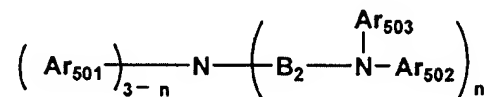
Formula 6



wherein R₉₆₀ through R₉₇₆ independently represent a hydrogen atom or a substituent; and L₂ represents an alkylene group, a cycloalkylene group or a fluoroalkylene group.

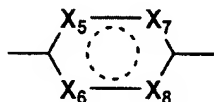
32. (Original) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 27, wherein the triarylamine compound is a compound represented by the following formula 7,

Formula 7



wherein Ar₅₀₁ through Ar₅₀₃ independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group or a substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl group; n is an integer of from 1 to 3; and B₂ represents the following formula 8,

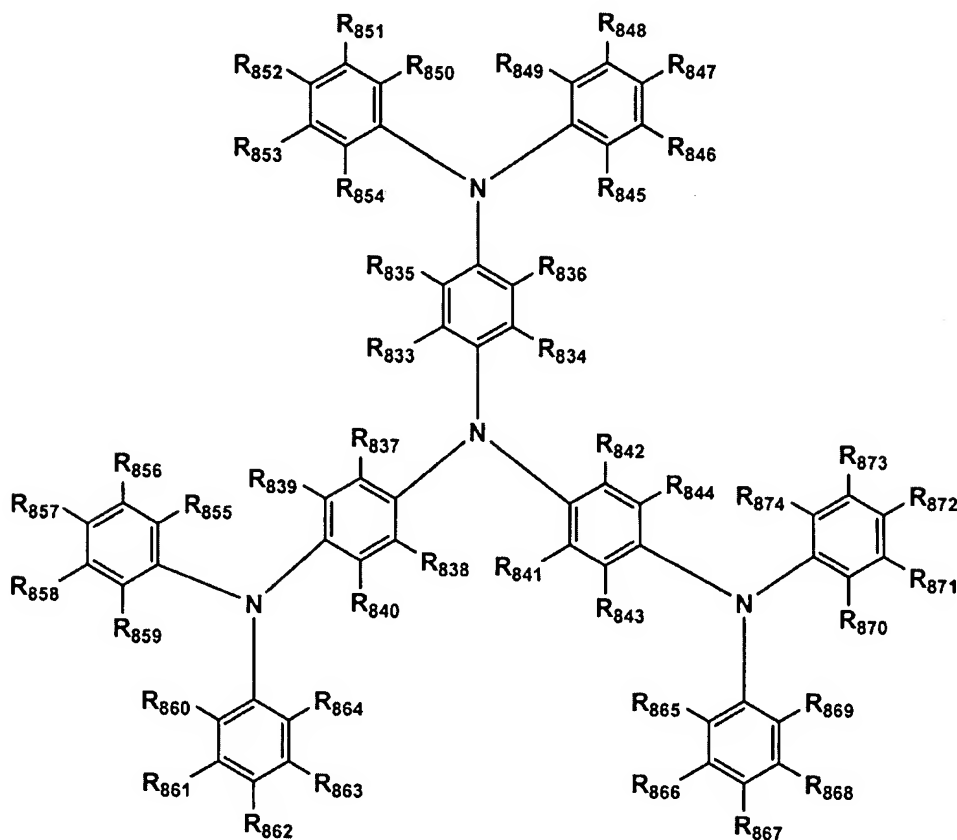
Formula 8



wherein X₅ and X₈ independently represent N or C-R₅₀₁ in which R₅₀₁ represents a hydrogen atom or a substituent, provided that at least one of X₅ and X₆ represents C-R₅₀₁ in which R₅₀₁ represents a substituent, and at least one of X₇ and X₈ represents C-R₅₀₁ in which R₅₀₁ represents a substituent.

33. (Original) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 27, wherein the triarylamine compound is a compound represented by the following formula 9,

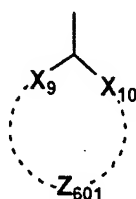
Formula 9



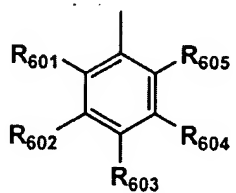
wherein R₈₃₃ through R₈₇₄ independently represent a hydrogen atom or a substituent, provided that at least one of R₈₃₃ and R₈₃₄ is a substituent, at least one of R₈₃₅ and R₈₃₆ is a substituent, at least one of R₈₃₇ and R₈₃₈ is a substituent, at least one of R₈₃₉ and R₈₄₀ is a substituent, at least one of R₈₄₁ and R₈₄₂ is a substituent, and at least one of R₈₄₃ and R₈₄₄ is a substituent.

34. (Original) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 27, wherein the triarylamine compound is a compound having a terminal group represented by the following formula 10-1, 10-2, 10-3 or 10-4,

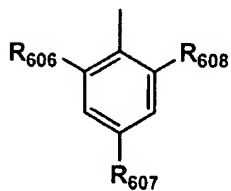
Formula 10-1



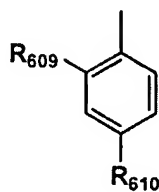
Formula 10-2



Formula 10-3



Formula 10-4



wherein X_9 and X_{10} independently represent N, O, S or CR_{611} in which R_{611} represents a hydrogen atom or a substituent, provided that at least one of X_9 and X_{10} represents CR_{611} in which R_{611} represents a substituent; Z_{601} represents an atomic group necessary to form an aromatic hydrocarbon ring or an aromatic heterocyclic ring; R_{601} through R_{605} independently represent a hydrogen atom or a substituent, provided that at least one of R_{601} and R_{605} is a substituent; and R_{606} through R_{610} independently represent a substituent.

35. (Original) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 27, wherein the hole transporting material has a molecular weight of not less than 550.

36. (Original) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 27, wherein the hole transporting material has an ionization potential $Ip1$ of from 5.00 to 5.70 eV.

37. (Original) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 27, wherein
 $-0.1 \text{ (eV)} \leq Ip3 - Ip1 \leq 0.5 \text{ (eV)}$
where $Ip1$ (eV) represents the ionization potential of the hole transporting material, and $Ip3$ (eV) represents the ionization potential of the phosphorescent compound.

38. (Original) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 27, wherein
 $0.5 \text{ (eV)} < T3 - Ea1 < 1.3 \text{ (eV)}$
where $T3$ (eV) represents the excited triplet energy level of the phosphorescent compound and $Ea1$ (eV) represents the electron affinity of the hole transporting material.

39. (Original) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 27, wherein the phosphorescent compound has a phosphorescence maximum in the wavelength regions of from 380 to 480 nm.

40. (Original) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 27, further comprising a second hole transporting layer containing a second hole transporting material, the second hole transporting layer being provided on the surface of the hole transporting layer opposite the light emission layer, wherein

$$0.1 \text{ (eV)} < \text{Ip1} - \text{Ip4} < 0.7 \text{ (eV)}$$

where Ip1 (eV) represents the ionization potential of the hole transporting material, and Ip4 (eV) represents the ionization potential of the second hole transporting material.

41. (Original) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 40, wherein the thickness of the hole transporting layer adjacent to the light emission layer is from 5 to 20 nm.

42. (Original) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 27, wherein the light emission layer further contains a host compound.

43. (Original) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 27, wherein

$$0.3 \text{ (eV)} < \text{Ip2} - \text{Ip1} < 1.0 \text{ (eV)}$$

where Ip1 (eV) represents the ionization potential of the hole transporting material and Ip2 (eV) represents the ionization potential of the host compound.

44. (Original) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 27,
wherein

$$0.1 \text{ (eV)} < E_{a2} - E_{a1} < 0.8 \text{ (eV)}$$

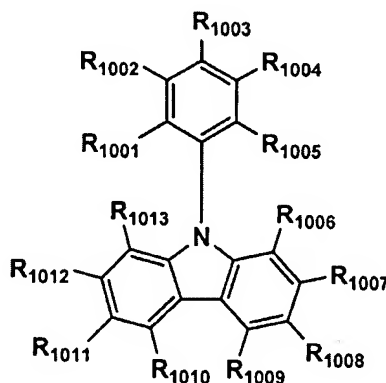
where E_{a1} (eV) represents the electron affinity of the hole transporting material and E_{a2} (eV) represents the electron affinity of the host compound.

45. (Original) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 27, wherein the host compound has a 0-0 band of the phosphorescence spectra of from 300 to 450 nm.

46. (Original) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 27, wherein the host compound is a carbazole derivative.

47. (Original) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 46, wherein the carbazole derivative is a compound represented by the following formula 11,

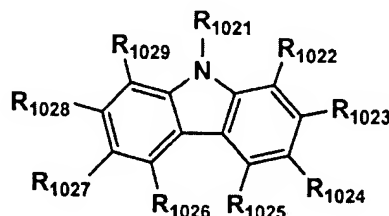
Formula 11



wherein R_{1001} through R_{1013} independently represent a hydrogen atom or a substituent,
provided that at least one of R_{1001} through R_{1013} is a substituent.

48. (Withdrawn) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 46, wherein the carbazole derivative is a compound represented by the following formula 12,

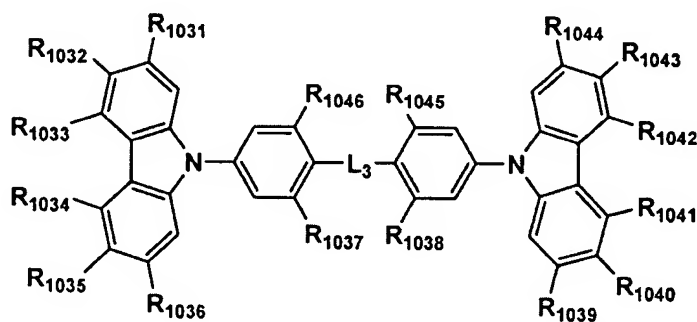
Formula 12



wherein R₁₀₂₁ represents an alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group or a fluoroalkyl group; and R₁₀₂₂ through R₁₀₂₉ independently represent a hydrogen atom or a substituent, provided that at least one of R₁₀₂₂ through R₁₀₂₉ is a substituent.

49. (Withdrawn) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 46, wherein the carbazole derivative is a compound represented by the following formula 13,

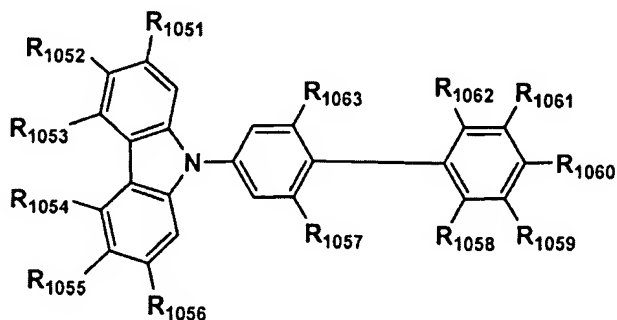
Formula 13



wherein R₁₀₃₁ through R₁₀₄₆ independently represent a hydrogen atom or a substituent; and L₃ represents a chemical bond or a divalent linkage group, provided that when L₃ represents a chemical bond, at least one of R₁₀₃₇, R₁₀₃₈, R₁₀₄₅, and R₁₀₄₆ is a substituent.

50. (Withdrawn) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 46, wherein the carbazole derivative is a compound represented by the following formula 14,

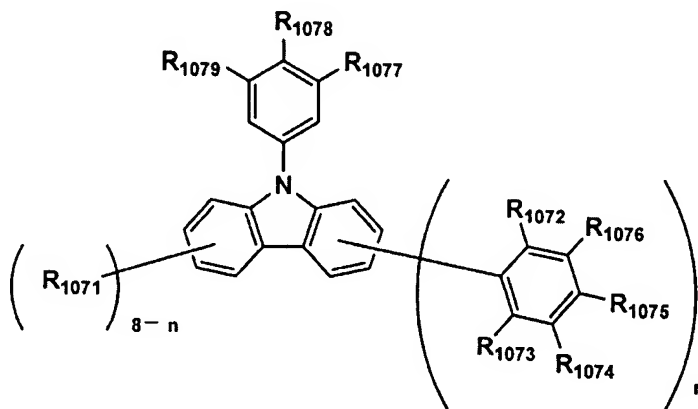
Formula 14



wherein R₁₀₅₁ through R₁₀₆₃ independently represent a hydrogen atom or a substituent, provided that at least one of R₁₀₅₇, R₁₀₅₈, R₁₀₆₂, and R₁₀₆₃ is a substituent.

51. (Withdrawn) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 46, wherein the carbazole derivative is a compound represented by the following formula 15,

Formula 15



wherein R₁₀₇₁ through R₁₀₇₉ independently represent a hydrogen atom or a substituent, provided that at least one of R₁₀₇₂ and R₁₀₇₃ is a substituent; and n is an integer of from 1 to 8.

52. (Original) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 1, wherein the hole transporting layer is formed according to a vacuum deposition process.

53. (Original) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 1, wherein the hole transporting layer is formed according to a wet process.

54. (Original) A display comprising the organic electroluminescent element of claim 1.

55. (Original) An illuminator comprising the organic electroluminescent element of claim 1.

56. (Original) A display comprising the illuminator of claim 55, and a liquid crystal element as a displaying means.

57. (Previously presented) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 1, wherein in Formula 4-1 or 4-2, the substituent of R₈₀₁ through R₈₂₇ represents an alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group, an alkenyl group, an alkynyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted saturated heterocyclic group, an alkoxy group, a cycloalkoxy group, an aryloxy group, an alkylthio group, a cycloalkylthio group, an arylthio group, an alkoxycarbonyl group, an aryloxycarbonyl group, a sulfamoyl group, an acyl group, an acyloxy group, an amido group, a carbamoyl group, a ureido group, a sulfonyl group, an alkylsulfonyl group or an arylsulfonyl group, an amino group, a halogen atom, a fluorinated hydrocarbon group, a cyano group, a nitro group, a hydroxyl group, a mercapto group, or a silyl group.

58. (Previously presented) The organic electroluminescent element of claim 13, wherein the substituent represented by R₁₀₀₁ through R₁₀₁₃ of formula 11 independently represents an alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group, an alkenyl group, an alkynyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted saturated heterocyclic group, an alkoxy group, a cycloalkoxy group, an aryloxy group, an alkylthio group, a cycloalkylthio group, an arylthio group, an alkoxycarbonyl group, an aryloxycarbonyl group, a sulfamoyl group, an acyl group, an acyloxy group, an amido group, a carbamoyl group, a ureido group, a sulfonyl group, an alkylsulfonyl group or an arylsulfonyl group, a halogen atom, a fluorinated hydrocarbon group, a cyano group, a nitro group, a hydroxyl group, a mercapto group, or a silyl group.